



Lunar Surface Innovation

C O N S O R T I U M

LSIC Excavation and Construction Focus Group

<http://lsic.jhuapl.edu/>

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Friendly Reminders

- Slides, chat and recording will be posted in our website in 2-3 days.
(<http://lsic.jhuapl.edu/Focus-Areas/Excavation-and-Construction.php>)
- Feel free to post your questions/suggestions in 'chat'.
 - We can move the discussion to Confluence.
- Mute yourself if you are not speaking.

Contact me if you want to present in this meeting.

Agenda

- Focus group updates.
- Two ~20-minute presentations:
 - (1) **Giulio Buscaroli** from **WASP** (Ravenna-Italy) will talk about their 3D printing technology. *WASP- World's Advanced Saving Project* designs, produces and sells 3D printers all over the world.
 - (2) **Daniil Blyum** from **Built Robotics** (San Fransisco, CA) will talk about their work in autonomous construction area. By upgrading off-the-shelf heavy equipment with AI guidance systems, Built's technology enables machines to operate fully autonomously.

- **Save the date : August 20th, 2 PM - 4:30 PM, Eastern**
- An extended monthly meeting in lieu of regular meeting.
- Workshop Theme: **High-TRL Technologies for initial infrastructure development for gaining initial foot-hold.**
- Tentative Agenda:
 - NASA E&C Roadmap and CLPS missions.
 - Break-out sessions
 - Talks from industry.
 - Wrap-up

Your participation will help shape these activities. More information will be shared in the coming weeks.

LSIC | Surface Power User Survey

- Inventory of potential lunar surface power users and needs
- The information you provide will shape our feedback to NASA, which can **directly influence future solicitations** and the direction of the field.

Responses will be anonymized, and can be updated on Confluence as technologies develop

<https://forms.gle/yhvxA3xoYKMAU587>



Power User Survey

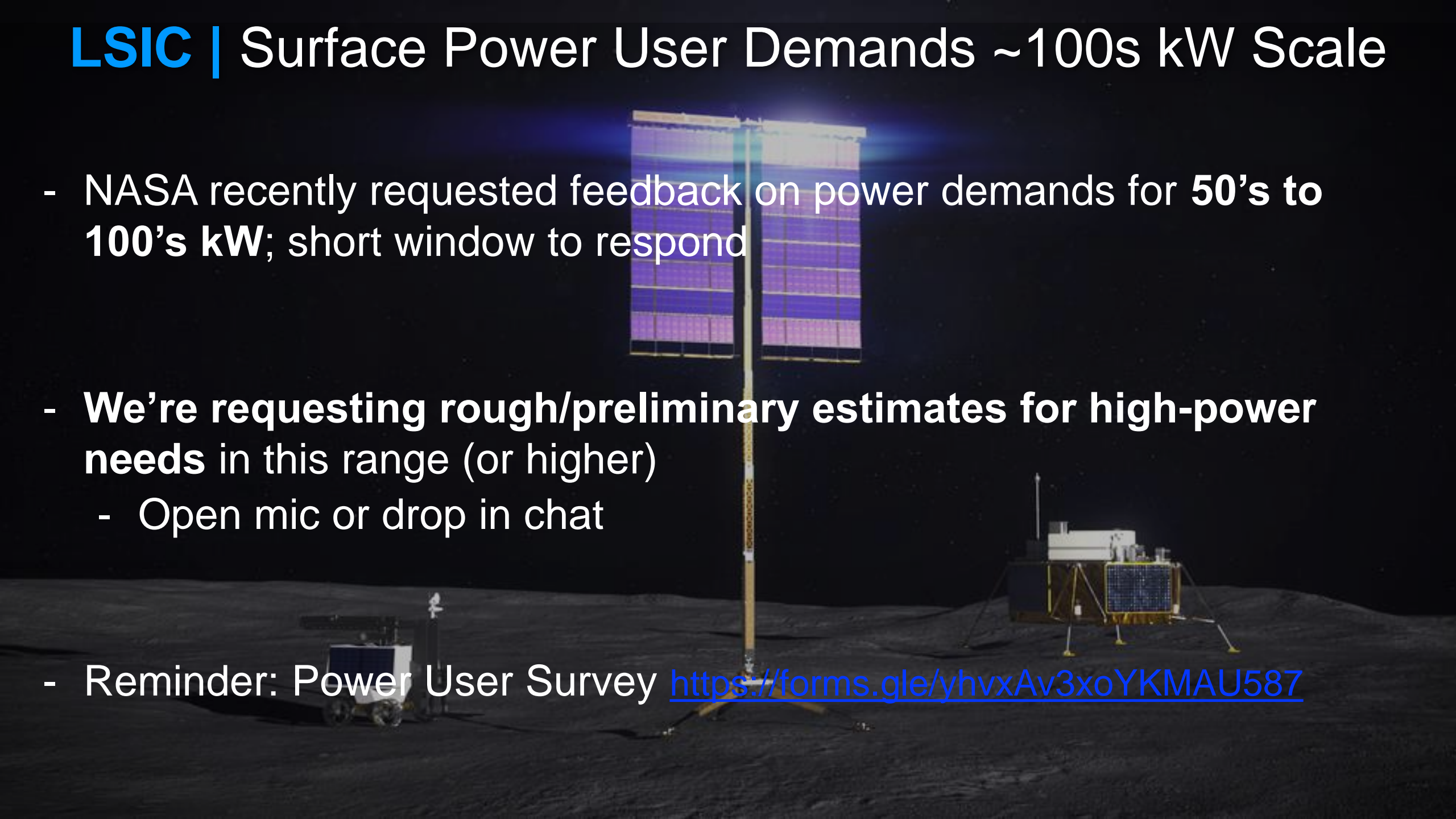
The Lunar Surface Innovation Consortium Surface Power Focus Group is conducting an inventory of potential lunar surface power users and needs. The purpose of this Power User Survey is to capture the power needs of different systems that will be used for lunar exploration and human presence on the Moon.

How much power does it take to accomplish a primary objective of your system?
How long does it take to accomplish this primary objective? *

Your answer

What are the power needs of this technology's/system's operation during periods of lunar night (electrical and/or thermal)? Consider shorter and longer durations as appropriate for your relevant lunar environment.

LSIC | Surface Power User Demands ~100s kW Scale

- NASA recently requested feedback on power demands for **50's to 100's kW**; short window to respond
 - **We're requesting rough/preliminary estimates for high-power needs** in this range (or higher)
 - Open mic or drop in chat
 - Reminder: Power User Survey <https://forms.gle/yhvxA3xoYKMAU587>
- 
- A simulated lunar surface scene. In the center, a tall, thin antenna tower stands with two large, rectangular solar panel arrays mounted on top. To the left, a small rover is visible. To the right, a lunar lander is parked on the dark, cratered ground. The background is a dark, starry sky.

Today's Talks

(1) Giulio Buscaroli from **WASP** (Ravenna-Italy) will talk about their 3D printing technology and in particular Crane WASP, the modular 3D printer for building. *WASP- World's Advanced Saving Project* designs, produces and sells 3D printers all over the world.

(2) Daniil Blyum from **Built Robotics** (San Fransisco, CA) will talk about their work in autonomous construction area. By upgrading off-the-shelf heavy equipment with AI guidance systems, Built's technology enables machines to operate fully autonomously.



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Habitat construction in lunar conditions. (Inflatable habitat, underground habitat, radiation shielding, multi-functional materials/structures)	70.5%
Manufacturing processes for lunar construction. (Additive manufacturing, sintering, regolith fiber pulling)	63.6%
Excavation technology for hard regolith/icy material. (Drilling, mining, lightweight construction equipment)	61.4%
Autonomous vehicles and robots for E&C on lunar surface.	59.1%
Lunar surface structure development. (Landing pads, berms, roads)	54.5%
Increased autonomy of operations.	34.1%
Virtual lunar terrain simulation.	29.5%
Beyond additive technology.	22.7%
Long duration robust , easily maintainable robot design for industrial scale use (not science)	2.3%
Subsurface and interior imaging and composition analysis	2.3%
Compressed, sifted regolith as a building material	2.3%
Spacecraft refueling station development	2.3%

LSII System Integrator - APL

A key tenet of LSII is to implement a multitude of novel collaborations across industry, academia, and government in order to successfully develop the transformative capabilities for lunar surface exploration.

Origin of the APL Task

- NASA was investigating using a University Affiliated Research Center (UARC) to bring efficiencies to development
- LSII initiated a tasked APL, to assess system integration role for the Lunar Surface Innovation Initiative
- APL established a Lunar Surface Consortium with academia and industry representatives, as well as NASA experts, that span a broad range of capabilities to execute timely studies, tasks, and/or acquisitions

The Consortium will assist NASA in

- Identifying lunar surface technology needs and assessing the readiness of relative systems and components
- Making recommendations for a cohesive, executable strategy for development and deployment of the technologies required for successful lunar surface exploration
- Providing a central resource for gathering information, analytical integration of lunar surface technology demonstration interfaces, and sharing of results

